Docket No.: 324758001US5

(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:

Alverson et al.

Application No.: 10/683,774

Confirmation No.: 1801

Filed: October 10, 2003

Art Unit: 2195

For: PLACING A TASK OF A MULTITHREADED

ENVIRONMENT IN A KNOWN STATE

Examiner: J. To

07/31/2008

OK TO ENTER: /J.T./

AMENDMENT AFTER ALLOWANCE UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.312

MS Issue Fee Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

INTRODUCTORY COMMENTS

Prior to issuance of the patent, applicant respectfully requests entry on this amendment under 37 C.F.R. 1.312 for the above-captioned patent application.

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims which begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks/Arguments begin on page 12 of this paper.

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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

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1. (Previously Presented) A method in a computer system for placing a task in a known state, the computer system having an operating system, the task having multiple threads executing on streams of a processor of the computer system, the processor having multiple streams for simultaneously executing threads of the task, the method comprising:

under control of the operating system,

notifying each of the threads of the task executing on a stream of the processor to enter a known state, the known state being an active state in which the thread is not making productive use of the processor;

for each of the threads,

in response to receiving the notification, entering the known state so that an action can be performed with the task being in the known state, and

notifying a designated thread of the task that the thread has entered a known state; and

under control of the designated thread,

determining whether a notification has been received from each of the other threads of the task, and

when it is determined that a notification has been received from each of the other threads of the task, notifying the operating system that the task is now in the known state.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the known state is a quiescent state.

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3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the known state is where each of the threads is executing idle instructions.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the known state is where the threads stop executing instructions.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the task is assigned to a protection domain and the notifying includes raising a domain signal for the protection domain.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein prior to entering the known state each thread saves its state.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein a thread of the task initiates the notifying.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the thread initiates the notifying by sending a request to an operating system.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 7 wherein the task notifies an operating system that the task is blocked from further productive use of a resource until an event occurs prior to entering the known state.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the action to be performed is swapping out the task from processor utilization.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10 wherein prior to entering the known state each thread saves its state information.

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12. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein each thread of the task has state information and the action to be performed is review of the state information.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the review of the state information is by a debugger.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the debugger executes as a thread of the task that does not enter the known state.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the action is to process a signal indicated by an operating system.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the action is to perform an interthread long jump.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the known state is waiting on a synchronization indication.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17 wherein the waiting is performed by accessing a memory location with a synchronization access mode of future.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein entering the known state includes invoking an operating system call.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein a master thread is designated for notifying an operating system when the task is in the known state.

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21. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein one of the threads enters a known state of processing signals while the other threads are in a known state that is a quiescent state.

- 22. (Original) The method of claim 21 wherein after processing the signals each of the threads exits the known state.
- 23. (Previously Presented) A method in a computer system for a task to exit a known state, the computer system having an operating system and supporting multiple streams, the task having multiple threads executing on the streams that are in the known state, the known state being an active state in which the thread is not making productive use of the processor, the method comprising:

under control of the operating system,

notifying a designated thread of the task to exit the known state; under control of the designated thread of the task,

notifying each of the other threads of the task executing on a parallel processor architecture having multiple simultaneously executing protection domains to exit the known state; and

after notifying each of the other threads, executing instructions that were to be executed prior to entering the known state to effect the exiting of the known state; and

for each of the threads,

in response to receiving the notification, executing instructions that were to be executed prior to entering the known state to effect the exiting of the known state.

24. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the known state is a quiescent state.

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25. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the known state is where the threads are executing idle instructions.

26. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the known state is where the threads stop executing instructions.

- 27. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein the known state is where the threads are waiting on a synchronization indication.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 27 wherein the notifying includes indicating the synchronization.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein each thread restores state information that was saved prior to the state entering the known state.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 29 wherein one thread performs signal processing upon exiting the known state.
- 31. (Original) The method of claim 30 wherein the other threads wait until the signals are processed before executing instructions that were to be executed prior to entering the known state.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 23 including reserving a number of streams for the task.
- 33. (Original) The method of claim 23 wherein after receiving the notification, the task creates streams for the threads.

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34. (Currently Amended) A system for placing a task in a known state, the task having multiple threads executing on streams of the system, the system comprising:

a central processing unit;

an operating system;

a component under control of the operating system for notifying each of the threads of the task executing on a parallel processor architecture having multiple simultaneous simultaneously executing streams to enter a known state, the known state being an active state in which the thread is not making productive use of the processor;

a component for each of the threads that,

in response to receiving the notification, causes the thread to enter the known state so that an action can be performed with the task being in the known state: and

notifies a designated thread of the task that the thread has entered a known state; and

a component for the designated thread that,

when a notification has been received from each of the others other threads, notifies the operating system that the task is now in the known state.

- 35. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the known state is a quiescent state.
- 36. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the known state is where each of the threads is executing idle instructions.
- 37. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the known state is where the threads stop executing instructions.

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38. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the task is assigned to a protection domain and the notifying includes raising a domain signal for the protection domain.

- 39. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein prior to entering the known state each thread saves its state.
- 40. (Original) The system of claim 36 wherein a thread of the task initiates the notifying.
- 41. (Original) The system of claim 40 wherein the thread initiates the notifying by sending a request to an operating system.
- 42. (Original) The system of claim 40 wherein the task notifies an operating system that the task is blocked from further productive use of a resource until an event occurs prior to entering the known state.
- 43. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the action to be performed is swapping out the task from processor utilization.
- 44. (Original) The system of claim 43 wherein prior to entering the known state each thread saves its state information.
- 45. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein each thread of the task has state information and the action to be performed is review of the state information.
- 46. (Original) The system of claim 45 wherein the review of the state information is by a debugger.

- 47. (Original) The system of claim 46 wherein the debugger executes as a thread of the task that does not enter the known state.
- 48. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the action is to process a signal indicated by an operating system.
- 49. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the action is to perform an inter-thread long jump.
- 50. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein the known state is waiting on a synchronization indication.
- 51. (Original) The system of claim 50 wherein the waiting is performed by accessing a memory location with a synchronization access mode of future.
- 52. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein entering the known state includes invoking an operating system call.
- 53. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein a master thread is designated for notifying an operating system when the task is in the known state.
- 54. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein one of the threads enters a known state of processing signals while the other threads are in a known state that is a quiescent state.
- 55. (Original) The system of claim 34 wherein after processing the signals each of the threads exits the known state.

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56. (Currently Amended) A system for use by a task to exit a known state, the system supporting multiple streams and including an operating system and a central processing unit, the task having multiple threads executing on the streams that are in the known state, the known state being an active state in which the thread is not making productive use of the processor, the system comprising:

- a component under control of the operating system for notifying a designated thread of the task to exit the known state, wherein the task is executing on a parallel processor architecture having multiple simultaneous simultaneously executing protection domains;
- a component of the designated thread for notifying each of the other threads of the task to exit the known state and that after notifying each of the other threads, causes the designated thread to execute instructions that were to be executed prior to entering the known state to effect the exiting of the known state; and
- a component for each thread that,
 - in response to receiving the notification, executes instructions that were to be executed prior to entering the known state to effect the exiting of the known state.
- 57. (Original) The system of claim 56 wherein the known state is a quiescent state.
- 58. (Original) The system of claim 56 wherein the known state is where the threads are executing idle instructions.
- 59. (Original) The system of claim 56 wherein the known state is where the threads stop executing instructions.

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60. (Original) The system of claim 56 wherein the known state is where the threads are waiting on a synchronization indication.

- 61. (Original) The system of claim 60 wherein the notifying includes indicating the synchronization.
- 62. (Original) The system of claim 56 wherein each thread restores state information that was saved prior to the state entering the known state.
- 63. (Original) The system of claim 62 wherein one thread performs signal processing upon exiting the known state.
- 64. (Original) The system of claim 63 wherein the other threads wait until the signals are processed before executing instructions that were to be executed prior to entering the known state.
- 65. (Original) The system of claim 56 including reserving a number of streams for the task.
- 66. (Original) The system of claim 56 wherein after receiving the notification, the task creates streams for the threads.

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REMARKS

The undersigned attorney wishes to thank the Examiner for the telephone interview conducted in the above-identified application on May 19, 2008. Applicant hereby confirms the account in the Interview Summary mailed July 1, 2008, of the substance of the telephone interview with the exception of typographical errors which

have been corrected by this amendment.

If it is determined that a telephone conference would expedite the prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned at the number

given below.

Please charge any deficiency in fees or credit any overpayment to our Deposit Account No. 50-0665, under Order No. 324758001US5 from which the undersigned is

authorized to draw.

Dated: July **2 6**, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

Registration No.: 33,273

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